Exhibit 2

Case 2:23-cv-00180-JRG-RSP Document 97-1 Filed 05/31/24 Page 2 of 27 PageID #: 2056

APPEARANCES: For the Plaintiff: Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein & Fox, by ROBERT NIEMEIER, ESQ., 1101 K Street, NW, 10th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20005; Holland & Knight, LLP, by GORDON P. KATZ, ESQ., 10 St. James Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts 02116; For the Defendants: McKool Smith, P.C., by JAMES E. QUIGLEY, ESQ., and JOHN B. CAMPBELL, ESQ., 303 Colorado Street, Suite 2100 Austin, Texas 78701.

1 PROCEEDINGS THE CLERK: Today is April 24th, 2024 and we are 2 on the record in the matter of IQE KC, LLC vs. Akoustis. 3 Technology, Inc., Case Number 24-MC-90153. 4 5 Will counsel please identify yourselves for the 6 record. MR. NIEMEIER: This is Robert Niemeier with 7 Sterne, Kessler, Goldstein & Fox on behalf of plaintiff, 8 9 IQE. 10:26AM 10 MR. KATZ: And Gordon Katz from Holland & Knight 11 for IOE. MR. QUIGLEY: James Quigley from McKool Smith, 12 13 and with me is John Campbell from McKool Smith as well. 14 THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone. And I did 15 just want to mention before we start that Ms. Early, who I 16 understand has been involved in the case, she and I serve on an editorial board together. I don't think that's a 17 basis for recusal but I thought I would just mention it in 18 19 case anyone had any questions about that. 10:29AM 20 So it is IQE's motion, so I'll hear from you 21 first. 22 MR. NIEMEIER: I'll just pose this now. So there 23 was a request to transfer from Akoustis, so I don't know 24 if you wanted to hear about that first or if you would

just like us to talk about the merits of the motion.

1 THE COURT: However you would like to proceed.

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MR. NIEMEIER: Okay, that's fine. We'll proceed and then we can take whatever issues on rebuttal we need to.

So we're here today on IQE's motion to quash the subpoena. The subpoena was issued by Akoustis on a related patent litigation in Eastern District of Texas.

The subpoena seeks IQE's most sensitive trade secrets. It seeks financial information, it seeks patent evaluation information, all of which is overbroad, much of which is wholly irrelevant to the claims in the underlying action, and all of which is extremely burdensome, unduly so to IQE, and so on that basis, the subpoena should be quashed as unduly burdensome. It should also be quashed as calling for the disclosure of IQE's trade secrets and confidential information.

I'd like to explain a little. So the subpoena I think can be broken down into two sort of chunks of documents. One is the growth recipes and the other sort of everything else, other technical documents, financials under communications, that sort of thing.

The growth recipes are essentially the secret sauce to IQE's business. IQE makes wafers that are used in semiconductors. There are very few companies in the world that do this. It produces these wafers by building

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layers, sometimes only atoms thick, and specific crystalline structures on top of a substrate, and this is very, very difficult to do. It requires a lot of trial and error. It takes a long time to develop this technology.

The growth recipe is essentially the culmination of that. It says here's how you build this wafer. It has the steps that you would perform, how long you perform for it, what temperature, what reactants are used, everything you would need to know.

This is -- it can't really be overstated how sensitive this information is to IQE. Were it to get out, it would considerably undermine IQE's position in the market, and the issue here is Akoustis has proposed treating it as source code, which is the highest level of protection under the protective order in the underlying case in Texas.

The issue is the growth recipes for each wafer could be reduced to a matter of a few pages. Often in protective orders for source code, you have limitations on printing on the order of hundreds pages of total or 20 or 50 or some number of pages consecutively.

In that case, it would be possible to print out the entire recipe, and so that would pose a much greater danger of disclosure and competitive harm to IQE vs. your

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traditional source code, which has little value and discrete chunks that may be only one or two or 10 pages of something that could be millions of pages, like a traditional source code often is.

So there is really no way under the protective order to adequately protect this. The protective order also --

THE COURT: Just so I understand, I thought in your motion papers you had suggested that there were protections that you might want that might answer your concerns but that the other side had not agreed to it. So is what you're saying now is that there are no protections?

MR. NIEMEIER: So there are no protections that will adequately protect it. What we had offered previously was the one product, we would make that recipe available, and that was sort of as a way to cooperate and hopefully, you know, resolve this and avoid the risk that all of the growth recipes would be subject to disclosure and potential, you know, leakage.

So the measures that we had suggested for that recipe, it would not be our position that they would adequately protect the recipe. That was a compromise we were willing to make to avoid the risk of a larger disclosure.

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So the proposed also does not apply to trial proceedings, it covers discovery. I believe Judge Gilstrap is presiding over the case in Texas, and it would be entirely within his discretion to leave the courtroom open at trial or to permit disclosure of any confidential information that he saw fit, and so IQE really has no way to ensure that even if the folks at Akoustis and everyone else involved in that case, you know, abided by the protective order stringently that these materials wouldn't ultimately be disclosed either to the business people at Akoustis or to the defendant Qorvo or to anybody who was attending that trial, and we have no way to protect that.

They've suggested in their briefing that we could attend trial and represent our own interests in that respect, but at the end of the day, it will be the District Judge who makes the call, so even if we were there, which itself would be a burden, we're not protected.

So the lack of adequate protections in the protective order and the lack of ways that it could be modified to offer that protection, that constitutes an enormous burden to IQE, and so that, we would argue, constitutes reason to quash the motion and would also constitute a basis to quash the motion under the trade secret exception under Rule 45.

1 THE COURT: So if I understand correctly, there are no additional protections that you've asked for from 2 the other side that they have not agreed to? 3 MR. NIEMEIER: We had proposed, I believe, 4 5 limiting, prohibiting printing of the pages. 6 THE COURT: But with respect to the one product? MR. NIEMEIER: With respect to the one product. 7 THE COURT: But you haven't proposed anything 8 with respect to all the products or the other information? 9 MR. NIEMEIER: That's correct. 01:03PM 10 11 THE COURT: Okay. Anything else? 12 MR. NIEMEIER: Would you like me to address the 1.3 transfer motion now? THE COURT: Yes, that would be fine. 14 15 MR. NIEMEIER: So the transfer motion, Rule 45 16 requires there to be exceptional circumstances to transfer subpoena from the court of compliance to the issuing 17 18 court. Here, I think it's pretty clear there are no 19 exceptional circumstances. 01:04PM 20 Akoustis has pointed to a decision made by the 21 Judge in Texas relating to the scope of the accused 22 products, and they're concerned that that issue would need 23 to be relitigated in this court. That is not the case. 24 We are not disputing the scope of the accused products at 25 this point, so that court's decision wouldn't have any

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bearing. There wouldn't be any chance of an inconsistent decision.

They've also indicated that they've issued a similar subpoena to the one issued to IQE to another party, a competitor of IQE's called Wolfspeed, and the Wolfspeed subpoena, I understand, is or was at the time of briefing being negotiated, and there was potential that Wolfspeed could challenge that subpoena similar to how we're here today.

And they suggest that these subpoenas should be transferred to Texas to avoid having to relitigate sort of the same issues in multiple venues, but I don't think that's an issue. As far as we know, Wolfspeed has not filed a motion to quash or sought a protective order for the subpoena, and even if they did, you know, the factual underpinnings of each party's situation are different, and they would need to be resolved on the merits regardless of whether both motions were heard in Texas or his motion was here and the Wolfspeed one heard in its compliance court.

nature, I mean, you've made argument that the gross recipes are something of particular importance to IQE, so why wouldn't that be an exceptional circumstance that this product is so important to the company that it really, the issues with respect to it should be decided by the court

1 that's going to conduct the trial and you can make them aware of these exceptional issues? 2 MR. NIEMEIER: I think the growth recipes are 3 exceptional to IQE as far as its concern with this case. 4 5 I don't think that would rise to an exceptional 6 circumstance in the transfer analysis. I think generally that's referring to whether or not decisions in this court 7 would contradict or impinge on the management of the case 8 9 from the court where the case is pending. I think this court would have all the information 01:11PM 10 11 in front of it that it would need to make a decision on that. I don't believe that the court in Texas would have 12 13 any further familiarity or competency with the issues to 14 decide. 15 THE COURT: But you would be making a pitch for 16 how that court would govern the trial itself? 17 MR. NIEMEIER: I'm not sure, how do you mean? 18 THE COURT: Well, in your argument, let's say the 19 case was going to be heard by Judge Kelley, you would be 01:11PM 20 making an argument that you needed extra protections at trial? 21 22 MR. NIEMEIER: I see. Yes, that's correct. 23 THE COURT: I mean, I'm not really in a position to bind the trial court on that. 24 25 MR. NIEMEIER: Certainly. And I think ultimately

1 if we had to produce these materials, I think we would go back and work with Akoustis to try and resolve that, you 2 know, by agreement without involving the Court, but, yes, 3 it's not clear to me as a nonparty whether we would have 4 5 any ability to press for modifications to the protective 6 order in Texas, whether or not the case was transferred there or not. 7 THE COURT: Right, perhaps even better reason to 8 have this argued in front of the court there. So in terms 9 01:12PM 10 of Akoustis filed a judicial notice I believe on the same day or around the same day as your reply motion was filed. 11 12 Do you want to comment on the judicial notice and the 13 purposes for which Akoustis said they filed it? 14 MR. NIEMEIER: My understanding is they filed the 15 request for judicial notice of the IPR petition that was 16 filed by IQE. We don't have any objection to the request 17 for judicial notice. I think it's public record that IQE filed the IPR petition against the underlying patent. 18 19 THE COURT: Right. I think, I could be wrong, 01:13PM 20 but I took their argument to be that you're not a 21 disinterested party in the litigation. 22 MR. NIEMEIER: And I would disagree with that. 23 think it's a little bit backwards to say that because we 24 were subpoenaed and, you know, are being pushed to produce

the sensitive information and then in response to that

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file these motions and filed the IPR that we become an interested party.

You know, the interest that I think they're suggesting arises out of this subpoena and IQE's interest of avoiding disclosure of information. I think it would be a little bit backwards to suggest that by imposing in whatever way you can request for this discovery that you become interested and then subject to a broader scope of discovery.

THE COURT: I could be wrong, I thought they were arguing sort of the opposite because you filed the action in front of the patent board that that was a showing of interest that affected how I should view your arguments here.

MR. NIEMEIER: So the IPR was filed after the subpoena, and after all of this sort of we couldn't reach an agreement and there was a motion to quash. It's another attempt certainly to prevent having to disclose this information. If the IPR were successful, it might dispose of the underlying action, so I think our position would be that it shouldn't be held against us that we're imposing the subpoena and the discovery efforts with what means we have available.

THE COURT: So, in terms of burden, and I don't believe I heard you talk about burden. If I understand

1 correctly, you would be producing the documents electronically, correct? 2 MR. NIEMEIER: So for the documents, leaving 3 4 aside the growth recipes, yes. 5 THE COURT: Right. 6 MR. NIEMEIER: They would be, to the extent they're in electronic form, which I believe most of them 7 would be, we would produce them electronically. For the 8 9 growth recipes, if we were in a position where we had to 01:19PM 10 produce them, we would likely do some sort of an 11 inspection, either at our office in Washington D.C. or at 12 some other location, and we would need to negotiate, I 13 think, whether and to what extent any printing of those 14 could be done or copying, and so those copies would 15 probably be in paper format, as is often done with source 16 code. 17 THE COURT: Okay. And you have made some allusion to some potential witnesses testifying in Texas, 18 19 but at this point there's no request for testimony? 01:22PM 20 MR. NIEMEIER: Correct. The subpoena did not 21 include a request for testimony. 22 THE COURT: And I think you had made an argument 23 that Akoustis could get the information, a lot of the 24 information from Qorvo, but I guess how does that apply to the growth recipes, which sounds like you haven't shared 25

with anyone, according to your papers?

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MR. NIEMEIER: That's correct. They would not be able to obtain the entirety of the information that's in the growth recipes from Qorvo, at least we would hope not. They are able to get information from Qorvo on sort of the structure of the products that are being accused. They're able to get samples of the products, I would presume, from Qorvo that they could then perform the sort of testing that they did in the complaint, but they would not be able to get exactly the information that's in the growth recipes from Qorvo.

THE COURT: All right. Anything else?

MR. NIEMEIER: On burden, I would just say, you know, I think in their briefing, they made light of sort of the collecting of the growth recipes and said, you know, it would be as simple somebody walking to the machine and downloading it and then sending it off. I think it's a little more involved than that.

So these machines, the growth recipes are only stored on the reactors that are producing these materials. They're not saved in any kind of other location, and the reactors are behind sort of the secure perimeter in the facility, and the only people who have access are the technicians who operate the reactors, and so what would have to happen is a technician would have to shut down

their machine to travel to these other reactors to 1 retrieve the recipes one-by-one, and, you know, as they're 2 manufacturing, as the reactors are running, the 3 technicians have to stay and monitor it, and since this 4 technician would have to leave to perform the collection, 6 that machine would have to be shut down, and so that would be time when IQE is not able to manufacture using that 7 equipment, and so there is some fairly substantial burden 8 having a technician go from machine to machine and 9 01:27PM 10 download each of these recipes individually, and there's 11 also a burden of identifying which wafers are involved. 12 The supplied products definition in the subpoena 13 is quite broad, and it doesn't tie anything to particular 14 Qorvo models, so in the underlying litigation, I 15 understand Akoustis has accused a long list of several 16 thousand Qorvo products. IQE doesn't have visibility into what Qorvo product numbers correspond to which wafer, and 17 so what we have to do is go through all of the wafers that 18 19 have been sold to Qorvo and figure out whether they meet sort of the functional definition that's in the subpoena 01:29PM 20 21 for the supplied products, and so that would be sort of a 22 manual process as well. 23 THE COURT: But I have no concrete estimate of 24 the cost of that burden, right, before me?

MR. NIEMEIER: Yes. I don't know what it would

1	cost. It would be a number of person hours, and I don't
2	have in front of me what it would cost for the time the
3	reactor was down.
4	THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. Yes. Who is going
5	to speak on behalf of Akoustis?
6	MR. QUIGLEY: Your Honor, Jim Quigley of McKool
7	Smith. Let me actually, is it okay if I pass up some
8	slides?
9	THE COURT: No.
01:32PM 10	MR. QUIGLEY: No slides?
11	THE COURT: No, I find that distracting during
12	oral agreement and not typically very useful.
13	MR. QUIGLEY: Sure. Well, I'll start at the
14	beginning of where I was going to start, and I'll hit on
15	some of the points opposing counsel mentioned just now and
16	some of the issues that you raised.
17	Just as some background, Akoustis sued Qorvo in
18	the Eastern District related to a patent that a prior
19	Qorvo entity was the exclusive licensee on. Akoustis, for
01:33РМ 20	all good reasons, believed Qorvo was making this stuff
21	because Qorvo's website says Qorvo was making this.
22	So we sued Qorvo in the Eastern District where
23	their facility is, and we asked Qorvo for information like
24	growth recipes, manufacturing details, and Qorvo says we
25	don't have it, actually, you know, you should talk to our

1 wafer suppliers, one of them is IQE and pointed us to, I believe it's in the record as one of our exhibits, a press 2 release from 2012 where a wafer facility, it doesn't say 3 it's GAN but a wafer facility was transferred from Qorvo 4 5 to IOE. 6 THE COURT: And how many suppliers are we talking about? I understand there's Wolfspeed as well, but are 7 there others? 8 9 MR. QUIGLEY: Those are the two that are being 01:38PM 10 focused on right now. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MR. QUIGLEY: And so what we did is we went to 13 the suppliers with subpoenas, and I think with Wolfspeed 14 we tried to informally work it out because there were some 15 other negotiations that had already happened, but they 16 have been subpoenaed as well, asked them, you know, for 17 this information. 18 At this point, we've actually started to get some 19 growth recipe information from Wolfspeed, you know, they 01:39РМ 20 printed it out and FedExed it to our expert, but IQE on 21 the other hand has been more resistant here, and, you 22 know, so we served the subpoena on IQE in October 2023. 23 We got objections, we tried to work with IQE to get 24 something. IQE took the position, like Qorvo was at that

same time, that the only accused product in the case was

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the QPD 1000 product, so IQE and Qorvo refused to give us anything beyond that.

You know, January 10th of 2024, we have a hearing in front of Judge Payne and Judge Payne, you know, denies Qorvo's motion to strike by saying, of course, the other products are at issue. You're going to have to turn over that information.

We told IQE this, so IQE promptly went from offering one growth recipe in Washington D.C. to offering nothing at all and filing a motion in this court.

I want to be clear, you know, we've never taken the position we won't agree to further protections. Our issue in December and in January were that we weren't going to send an expert 2500 miles on an airplane to look at one recipe when there are others that are at issue. And I don't think that there are dozens and dozens and dozens of wafers at issue here, my understanding is it's handfuls.

Now, there may be, you know, the need to grab different versions of those recipes for those handfuls of wafers, but this isn't, you know, thousands and thousands of different wafers that are being made as far as I'm aware. IQE can correct me if I'm wrong. So I think that goes, you know, to the unduly burdensome argument that IQE is making. It's not actually that many wafers.

1 THE COURT: And do you anticipate deposition testimony or other testimony? 2 3 MR. QUIGLEY: So we haven't served the deposition subpoena, and to the extent we do, the way I would 4 5 typically handle this is I would look for a declaration 6 just authenticating whatever the documents are that you provided. You know, one of the points I wanted to raise, 7 and, you know, counsel hit on this, and you, your Honor, 8 hit on this, I don't think IQE is a truly disinterested 9 01:45PM 10 party in this case. THE COURT: Well, I think it's your argument. 11 12 MR. QUIGLEY: Well, he hit on it and responded to 13 it --14 THE COURT: Yes. 15 MR. QUIGLEY: -- but, you know, mere days after 16 the briefing on this motion to quash is complete, IQE 17 files an IPR petition, and I don't know how acquainted your Honor is with IPR petitions, but it's a \$40,000 18 19 filing fee, probably tens of thousands of dollars on 02:24PM 20 expert fees, maybe another six figures in attorney's fees. 21 I mean, that's a lot of money for a disinterested 22 third party to be spending fighting a patent, and, you 23 know, coincidentally, IQE hired the same expert that Qorvo 24 is using in another case for that IPR. Coincidentally, 25 IQE asserted the same primary prior art references that

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Qorvo is asserting in the Eastern District case against the same patent.

And so, you know, from what we see over time, there is some coordination going on between IQE and Qorvo. I don't know what that is. It's a customer supplier relationship. It could be close, it could be some, you know, some fighting, but IQE is certainly in the loop on stuff that's happening, and so to the extent there are concerns on, you know, harm that's going to befall IQE here, you know, by disclosing these recipes, I would just say that there's no competitors, IQE's competitors are not involved in this case. This is Qorvo and Akoustis. There hasn't been an allegation that there are actually competitors.

Akoustis has always been willing to agree to additional protections for these growth recipes. I would expect nothing less. I mean, I agree these are sensitive. We'll review them on a source code computer. We won't print more than we need to print. The Eastern District protective order that's I think in the record as our Exhibit 28 has, you know, specific requirements that you not print things just to review them elsewhere.

THE COURT: And what about the argument that the protective order only covers precisely discovery?

MR. QUIGLEY: So, that's correct, there's a

1 paragraph in the protective order that says that, you know, parties can use designated material at trial. I 2 agree. I think as your Honor noted, that may be, you 3 know, a reason to transfer, you know, this motion to quash 4 5 or this subpoena to the Eastern District because the 6 Judges there are going to be able to rule on those protection issues at trial. 7 And we, for Akoustis, are more than willing to 8 work with IOE to seal the courtroom and that sort of 9 02:30PM 10 thing. I have no interest in having an open courtroom 11 when somebody's sensitive information is being discussed. 12 That's not what I would like to do. 13 THE COURT: What is the status of the Wolfspeed 14 subpoena? I understand there's been some discussion that 15 you've been able to work some of the issues out. 16 MR. QUIGLEY: We have received some growth recipe 17 information. We've worked with them to narrow down what it is we're going to receive, and I believe we're 18 19 receiving more after we finalize some of the details. 02:31PM 20 THE COURT: And what in terms of burden on IOE, 21 what, if you know, is the Eastern District of Texas's 22 policy or maybe it's these particular Judges's policies 23 with respect to conducting a hearing by Zoom? 24 MR. QUIGLEY: I don't know that offhand, your Honor, I apologize. I do want to discuss the burden issue 25

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just momentarily. I heard counsel explaining, you know, what some of the burden is. I think if you go and look at 2 Exhibit 3 to their motion, there's not actually that 3 detail about the burden, it just says there's going to 4 5 need to be an extraction and a conversion and sending 6 files to counsel. I don't think there's anything in the record 7 about the time or expense or, you know, how tough it 8 actually is. You know, obviously, we'll work with IQE to 9 02:33PM 10 make it as simple as possible just to get that information 11 on a source code review computer, somewhere that is 12 convenient for IQE. 13 THE COURT: And what about IQE's argument that 14 the magistrate judge's decision in Texas about the accused 15 products is not similar to the issue that's before me in 16 terms of relevance? 17 MR. QUIGLEY: So I do disagree. I heard earlier, 18 and I think this is a quote, that IQE is not disputing the 19 scope of the accused products, but I think IQE actually 02:35PM 20 was doing that in its papers in this case trying to 21 suggest that the materials that Akoustis is entitled to 22 via subpoena are narrower than in the Eastern District. 23 I think if you look at accused instrumentalities 24 definition and supply products definition, both of them

have a substantive component, which is specific epitaxial

1	levels with specific substrates, and they both have a time
2	component from April 2017 onwards. We are seeking
3	material from IQE that is overlapping with the material
4	that we sought from Qorvo that Qorvo doesn't possess.
5	THE COURT: And IQE also says you should get
6	certain information from Qorvo, so, for example, some of
7	the financial documents seem to be readily available from
8	Qorvo.
9	MR. QUIGLEY: So I agree there's some information
02:36РМ 10	that we can obtain from Qorvo. I think some of these
11	topics cover things that Qorvo may have but IQE is going
12	to uniquely possess. I can simplify things. We will
13	focus on topics 3, 4, 6 and 16, which are the growth
14	recipe topics according to IQE, and I can't get that from
15	anyone besides IQE.
16	THE COURT: Meaning that you're not contesting
17	the motion to compel except on 3, 4, 6 and 16 or you're
18	just
19	MR. QUIGLEY: The motion to quash.
02:38PM 20	THE COURT: The motion to quash.
21	MR. QUIGLEY: We'll drop the rest of the
22	requests.
23	THE COURT: Okay. Let me see if I have anything
24	else. And just to be clear, I think this is consistent
25	with what IQE said, but you're unable to obtain the

1 information concerning growth recipes from any other source? 2 MR. OUIGLEY: Correct. We can do reverse 3 engineering, like we talked about in the papers, but 4 5 reverse engineering can tell you really basic information. 6 You know, if you say I want to know if there's carbon or hydrogen or nitrogen in it, it can give you some idea of 7 whether that material is in there and where it is, but it 8 9 can't tell you things like temperature and pressure and 02:41PM 10 specific reactants that were used. 11 THE COURT: Thank you. Anything further from 12 IQE? 13 MR. NIEMEIER: Yes, just briefly. Akoustis, they 14 mentioned a facility, I think, the manufacturing facility 15 that was transferred from Oorvo to IQE. That was a number 16 of years ago. That facility I understand has since been 17 closed, so there are no wafers involved being made there, 18 and I don't think it has any relevance as to whether or 19 not we're an interested party. 02:42PM 20 You know, he mentioned the cost of the IPRs. 21 wanted to underline that's correct. It's very expensive, 22 and that's just how seriously IQE is taking the disclosure 23 of this information, that these costs are worth it to 24 their mind because of the risk of what could happen if

these growth recipes get out.

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On the transfer issue, I think you have raised the point of wouldn't it make sense to transfer if there's going to be a fight over the protective order there? I think I would just point out that if the subpoena were quashed, there wouldn't be any need to get to the issue of revising the protective order because we wouldn't have any qualm with the current order, there wouldn't be anything to produce.

And then just on the reverse engineering point, the analysis that they performed on the complaint, I think, you know, they pointed out there's certain things from that that we can't find, and they're saying that these are necessary for the infringement analysis, but they filed a complaint based on those reverse engineering, and they have their obligation to believe there's a basis for accusing an infringement.

They're saying that this testing didn't give them information on X, Y, Z limitations form the patent, then what was the basis for filing the complaint? I think it's a little bit two-faced to come in now and say this testing wasn't sufficient for us to show infringement and we need, you know, this very sensitive information from you, IQE to build our case out.

THE COURT: All right. Thank you, I will take it under advisement.

1	THE CLERK: Court is in recess. All rise.
2	(Whereupon, the hearing was adjourned at 2:35 p.m.)
3	
4	CERTIFICATE
5	
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT)
7	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS) ss.
8	CITY OF BOSTON)
9	
10	I do hereby certify that the foregoing transcript,
11	Pages 1 through 26 inclusive, was recorded by me
12	stenographically at the time and place aforesaid in
13	Miscellaneous Action No. 1:24-mc-91053-AK, IQE KC, LLC, vs.
14	AKOUSTIS, INC. AND AKOUSTIS TECHNOLOGIES, INC.,
15	and thereafter by me reduced to typewriting and is a true and
16	accurate record of the proceedings.
17	Dated April 30, 2024.
18	
19	s/s Valerie A. O'Hara
20	
21	VALERIE A. O'HARA
22	OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER
23	
24	
25	